

# **Attachment A**

<b>Recommended Conditions of Consent</b>
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**(1) APPROVED DEVELOPMENT**

- (a) Development must be in accordance with Development Application No. D/2023/682 dated 2 August 2023 and the following drawings prepared by Conrad Gargett Architects:

Drawing Number	Drawing Name	Date
DA 001, Revision 2	Materials and Finishes	15.05.24
DA 002, Revision 2	Materials and Finishes	15.05.24
DA 010, Revision 2	Demolition Plan	15.05.24
DA 020, Revision 2	Site Plan	15.05.24
DA 100, Revision 6	Basement Plan	15.05.24
DA 101, Revision 8	Ground Floor Plan	15.05.24
DA 102, Revision 7	Level 1 Floor Plan	15.05.24
DA 103, Revision 7	Level 02 GA Plan	15.05.24
DA 104, Revision 7	Roof Plan	15.05.24
DA 150, Revision 4	Street Elevations	15.05.24
DA 200, Revision 7	North and South Elevation	15.05.24
DA 201, Revision 7	East and West Elevation	15.05.24
DA 202, Revision 2	Entry Thru Escalators Plans and Elevation	15.05.24
DA 205, Revision 5	Sections	15.05.24
DA 310, Revision 3	Signage Plan - Ground Floor	15.05.24

- (b) Landscape Plans prepared by Black Beetle Landscape Architecture and Design:

Drawing Number	Drawing Name	Date
LA LP 01, Revision 3	Landscape Plan – Level 2 and Rooftop	01.03.24
LA LP 02, Revision 1	Legend/ Notes/ Plant Schedule/ Details	01.03.24

and as amended by the conditions of this consent.

- (b) In the event of any inconsistency between the approved plans and supplementary documentation, the drawings will prevail.

**Reason**

To ensure all parties are aware of the approved plans and supporting documentation that applies to the development.

**(2) BUILDING HEIGHT**

- (a) The height of the building must not exceed RL 46700 (AHD) to the roof of the building and RL 48400 (AHD) to the lift overrun of the building.
- (b) Prior to an Occupation Certificate being issued, a Registered Surveyor must provide certification that the height of the building accords with (a) above, to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier.

**Reason**

To ensure the constructed development complies with the approved height.

**(3) FLOOR SPACE RATIO**

The following applies to Floor Space Ratio:

- (a) The Floor Space Ratio for the commercial development must not exceed FSR 1.58:1 calculated in accordance with the Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2012. For the purposes of the calculation of FSR, the total Gross Floor Area of the development is 1,577.4sqm.
- (b) Prior to an Occupation Certificate being issued, a Registered Surveyor must provide certification of the total Gross Floor Area in the development, utilising the definition under Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2012, applicable at the time of development consent, to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier.

**Reason**

To ensure the constructed development complies with the approved floor space ratio.

**(4) GROUND FLOOR RETAIL TENANCIES – SEPARATE APPLICATION REQUIRED**

No consent is granted or implied for the fit out and specific use of each ground floor retail tenancy.

A development consent or Complying Development Certificate (as appropriate) is required to be obtained for the specific fit out of each individual tenancy prior to that fit out or use commencing.

**Reason**

To require separate consent to be obtained for a use.

**(5) NEIGHBOURHOOD SUPERMARKET - SEPARATE DA REQUIRED**

No consent is granted or implied for the fit out or specific use of the first-floor tenancy as a neighbourhood supermarket. A separate development application is required to be lodged and approved by Council for the use and fit out of the tenancy as a neighbourhood supermarket prior to that fit out or use commencing.

**Reason**

To require separate consent to be obtained for a use.

**(6) SECTION 7.11 CONTRIBUTIONS PAYABLE - CONTRIBUTION TOWARDS PUBLIC AMENITIES – CITY OF SYDNEY DEVELOPMENT CONTRIBUTIONS PLAN 2015 – PRECINCT**

Council has identified the development will increase demand for public amenities and facilities. Pursuant to Section 7.11 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979 (as amended), and the City of Sydney Development Contributions Plan 2015 the following monetary contributions are required towards the cost of public amenities.

<u>Contribution Category</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Open Space	\$75,855.46
Community Facilities	\$71,474.36
Traffic and Transport	\$11,891.53
Stormwater Drainage	\$0.00
Total	\$159,221.35

The City of Sydney will index the above contribution for inflation at the time of payment using the following formula.

$$C_{\text{payment}} = C_{\text{consent}} \times (CPI_{\text{payment}} \div CPI_{\text{consent}})$$

Where:

$$C_{\text{payment}} = \text{Is the contribution at time of payment;}$$

- Cconsent = Is the contribution at the time of consent, as shown above;
- CPIpayment = Is the Consumer Price Index (All Groups Index) for Sydney published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics that applies at the time of payment; and
- CPI1consent = Is the Consumer Price Index (All Groups Index) for Sydney at the date the contribution amount above was calculated being – 139.1 for the June 2024 quarter.

The contribution must be paid prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate in relation to this development.

Please contact Council’s Planning Administration staff at [planningsystemsadmin@cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au](mailto:planningsystemsadmin@cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au) to request a letter confirming the indexed contribution amount payable.

Once the letter confirming the indexed contribution is obtained, payment may be made at any of the City’s Neighbourhood Service Centres or the One Stop Shop at Town Hall House. Acceptable payment methods are EFTPOS (debit card only), cash (up to 10K only), Credit Card (up to 50K only) or a bank cheque made payable to the City of Sydney. Personal or company cheques will not be accepted.

### **Reason**

To ensure development contributions are paid to address the increased demand for public amenities and services resulting from the approved development.

## **(7) AFFORDABLE HOUSING CONTRIBUTION – RESIDUAL LAND OR CENTRAL SYDNEY – PAYMENT IN LIEU OF FLOOR SPACE CONTRIBUTION – PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE**

- (a) In accordance with the City of Sydney Affordable Housing Program and prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, the applicant must provide evidence that a monetary contribution towards the provision of affordable housing has been paid to the City of Sydney Council.
- (b) The contribution is \$277,145.66 (indexed at 5 August 2024). This is calculated by establishing the sum of the equivalent monetary contribution \$11,176.22 multiplied by 1% of the total floor area for non-residential development (2,479.78sqm) and the equivalent monetary contribution \$11,176.22 multiplied by 3% of the total floor area for residential development (0sqm).
- (c) If the contribution is paid after the indexation period in which the consent is granted, being 1 March 2024 to 28 February 2025, the above contribution will be adjusted according to the Sydney LGA median strata dwelling price (‘MDP’) using the following formula.
- (d) Contribution payable at Time of Payment =  $C \times MDP2 / MDP1$ , where:
- (i) C is the original total contribution amount payable to the City of Sydney as shown above;

- (ii) MDP2 is the Median Strata Dwelling Price in Sydney LGA taken from the most recent NSW Government Rent and Sales Report at the time of indexation of the equivalent monetary contribution rate; and
- (iii) MDP1 is the Median Strata Dwelling Price in Sydney LGA taken from the NSW Government Rent and Sales Report used to establish the current equivalent monetary contribution rate, being 1 March 2024 to 28 February 2025.

Contact Council's Planning Assessment Unit at [planningsystemsadmin@cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au](mailto:planningsystemsadmin@cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au) for written confirmation of the amount payable, with indexation as necessary, prior to payment.

**Reason**

To ensure development contributions are paid to contribute to the provision of essential affordable rental housing infrastructure.

**(8) MATERIALS AND FINISHES SCHEDULE**

A detailed material, colours and finishes schedule (including visible rainwater goods and services) keyed to each building elevation must be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Coordinator/ Area Planning Manager Planning Assessments prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

The materials and finishes of the development must be consistent with the materials and finishes drawings prepared by Conrad Gargett, DA 001 and DA 002, Revision 2. The materials and samples schedule must outline the specifications of materials, must not include generic material or colour descriptions or use terminology such as 'or similar'.

**Reason**

To require the submission of a materials and samples board following assessment of the development.

**(9) REFLECTIVITY**

Prior to issue of the Construction Certificate the Registered Certifier must ensure that the visible light reflectivity from building materials used on the facade of the building does not exceed 20%.

**Reason**

To ensure the development does not result in adverse reflectivity impacts and to protect the amenity of the public domain.

**(10) LANDSCAPE PLANS - GREEN ROOF**

Prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate, amended Landscape Plans must be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager/ Area Coordinator Planning Assessments to reflect the following:

- (a) The final layout of the photovoltaic cells on the green roof (Drawing LA LP 01) is to be revised as to ensure there is sufficient space between the cells to allow for on-going maintenance of planting.
- (b) Provide a 1:10 scaled cross section to clarify the angle of the photovoltaic cells and area for planting underneath.

**Reason**

To ensure the final layout of the photovoltaic cells will accommodate planting and permit ongoing maintenance of the green roof.

**(11) CAR PARK DOOR AND REVEALS**

Prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate, the following details must be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager/ Area Coordinator Planning Assessments:

- (a) The new car park panel lift door and reveals (external face of the south and south-eastern walls of Tenancy 3 between gridlines C and D, external face of the northern and eastern walls of the fire stairs, and external face of the northern wall of the lobby) on the Marriott Street elevation must be constructed of high-quality materials.

**Reason**

To ensure a high-quality durable finish is provided to the vehicular entrance of the building along Marriott Street.

**(12) WESTERN BOUNDARY WALL - ADDITIONAL DETAILS TO BE SUBMITTED**

The following plans, elevation and section details of the Profiled (ribbed) Precast Concrete Western Side Boundary Wall, at a minimum scale of 1:20, are to be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Coordinator / Area Planning Manager Planning Assessments prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate:

- (a) Details of the high-quality design, detailing and materiality of the concrete side boundary walls are to be provided including details of the three-dimensional form liner of sufficient rib depth, concrete finish and class and provision of construction joints (noting no expressed slab edges are to be provided).
- (b) A physical sample of the Profiled (ribbed) Precast Concrete material.

The required information must include detailed material, finishing, spacing, elemental sizing details. The information submitted should show a level of detail equivalent to 'For Construction' detailing.

**Reason**

To ensure blank side walls have a visually interesting treatment of high-quality design and materiality and are low maintenance.

### **(13) GLAZING - ADDITIONAL DETAILS TO BE SUBMITTED**

Prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate for above ground works, the following details are to be submitted to Council's Area Coordinator Planning Assessments / Area Planning Manager for approval as follows:

- (a) All transparent glass is to be clear to achieve a high level of transparency to provide visual depth and have a neutrality of colour. A consistency in appearance and colour characteristics between all facades is to be achieved.
- (b) The submitted details are to include physical samples of the glass types, details of the manner of assembly, and the glazing characteristics including the proposed Shading Coefficient, the Visible Light Transmission and the Reflectivity.

#### **Reason**

To ensure clear and consistent glazing is used throughout the development.

### **(14) SIGNAGE STRATEGY - ADDITIONAL DETAILS TO BE SUBMITTED**

All signage on the site must be consistent with the approved Signage Plan Drawing DA 310, prepared by Conrad Gargett. All the signs are to be 'business identification signs' only and no sign is to contain any third-party advertisement.

The following further details are to be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager / Area Coordinator Planning Assessments prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate:

- (a) Signage plans denoting the number and location of signage designated with each tenancy; and
- (b) Material specification - The materials of all signs are to be compatible with the architecture, materials, finishes and colours of the building.

#### **Reason**

To ensure signage is consistent with the approved signage plan.

### **(15) SIGNAGE GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

The design of the approved signage must comply with the following:

- (a) The signage is not to contain highly reflective materials, colours and finishes.
- (b) The signage is not to incorporate sound, vibration, odour and other emissions.
- (c) No signs or goods are to be placed on the footway or roadway adjacent to the property.



### **Reason**

To ensure signage is designed in accordance with Section 3.16 of Council's DCP 2012 and to ensure the public domain is kept free from physical obstructions.

### **(16) SIGN ILLUMINATION**

- (a) At no time is the intensity, period of intermittency and hours of illumination of the sign to cause objectionable glare or injury to the amenity of the neighbourhood and as such must be designed, installed and used in accordance with the latest edition of AS/NZS 4828.
- (b) The sign(s) must not flash. Signs with flashing, chasing, pulsating or flickering lights are not permitted.
- (c) The maximum night time luminance of any sign is not to exceed 300 cd/sqm.
- (d) Signage is only permitted to be illuminated while a premises is open.
- (e) Upward facing light sources onto the signage is not permitted.

### **Reason**

To ensure signage illumination is designed in accordance with the Australian Standards and Council's DCP.

### **(17) ERECTION OF SIGNS**

All signage is to be erected in a secure manner to ensure safety and its installation is not to involve measures that would cause irreversible damage to the building.

The installation of new business identification signs are to occur at the same time as the fit-out works for the associated tenancy to which the signs relate.

### **Reason**

To ensure signage installed does not cause irreversible damage to the building.

### **(18) SIGNS AT EGRESS**

The following signs must be provided and maintained within the site at the point(s) of vehicle egress:

- (a) Compelling drivers to stop before proceeding onto the public way
- (b) Compelling drivers to "Give Way to Pedestrians" before crossing the footway; or compelling drivers to "Give Way to Pedestrians and Bicycles" before crossing a footway on an existing or identified shared path route.

### **Reason**

To ensure the safety of surrounding pedestrians and cyclists.

## **(19) AIR CONDITIONERS GENERALLY**

No air-conditioning equipment is to be visible from the public domain. Equipment and associated wiring must:

- (a) Not be located on awnings or attached to the face of the building
- (b) Not be located on roofs in such a way that it is visible from any street, footpath or park
- (c) Be visually screened if located 1.8 metres above ground level in other locations
- (d) Wiring must be fully concealed.

### **Reason**

To ensure the visual impact of air conditioners is minimised.

## **(20) EXTERNAL LIGHTING**

A separate development application is required to be lodged and approved prior to any external floodlighting or illumination of the building or site landscaping.

### **Reason**

To clarify that consent has not been granted for the external floodlighting or illumination of the development.

## **(21) SERVICE VEHICLE SIZE LIMIT**

The size of vehicles servicing the property must be a maximum length of 6.4m.

### **Reason**

To maintain the orderly operation of vehicle parking and loading areas.

## **(22) ASSOCIATED ROADWAY COSTS**

All costs associated with the construction of any new road works including kerb and gutter, road pavement, drainage system and footway shall be borne by the developer. The new road works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the City's "Sydney Streets Technical Specification" including amendments and "Sydney Streets Design Code".

### **Reason**

To ensure all roadway works are designed and constructed in accordance with Council requirements.

**(23) SWINGING DOORS OVER PUBLIC WAY**

Any access doors to enclosures housing building services and facilities, such as hydrant and sprinkler booster assemblies or the like, must not open over the footway/roadway.

**Reason**

To ensure no element of the development obstructs the use of the public way.

**(24) TACTILE GROUND SURFACE INDICATORS AND HANDRAILS**

All tactile ground surface indicators, handrails and other elements required to provide access into the building / property must be located entirely within the private property boundary.

**Reason**

To ensure ground surface indicators, handrails and other elements required to provide access into the building/property are appropriately located.

**(25) SUBDIVISION – SEPARATE DA REQUIRED**

Any proposal for subdivision will require a separate application to Council to obtain development consent and the subsequent approval of the plan of subdivision and issue of a Subdivision Certificate under Section 6.15 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 or a Strata Certificate under the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*

**Reason**

To ensure separate development consent is sought for any subdivision of the site.

**(26) NO OBSTRUCTIONS**

All public footways and paths of travel must be free from obstructions. If services are required to be relocated to clear paths of travel, then this must be undertaken at the developer's expense. All obstructions are to be removed prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.

**Reason**

To ensure there are no obstructions on public footways and paths of travel.

**(27) PARTY WALL STRUCTURAL CERTIFICATION**

- (a) Prior to a Construction Certificate being issued, a certificate from a qualified practising structural engineer in accordance with Clause A5.2(1)(e) of the Building Code of Australia must be submitted to the satisfaction of the Registered Certifier. The Certificate must verify the structural integrity of the existing 'Party Wall(s)'.

- (b) Prior to any partial or total demolition of the subject building and improvements erected upon the site, the registered proprietor of the subject Lot will, at their own expense, engage a professional Structural Engineer listed with the National Engineering Register (NER) in Australia to assess the structural integrity of the adjoining building and party wall, and if necessary, carry out appropriate design work, and inspect and oversee its construction and implementation, to ensure that the structural integrity of the adjoining building and party wall erected upon any Lot is not adversely affected in any way by the proposed demolition or construction works.
- (c) The shoring and excavation works of the basement (immediately adjacent to the party wall) must be undertaken in accordance with the Structural Statement dated 8 February 2024 prepared by Dunnings Consulting Engineers (Council Reference: 2024/173369).
- (d) The work to the building and party wall immediately after demolition must include the application of a suitable waterproof membrane, or other appropriate waterproofing system to the satisfaction of Council and the supervising structural engineer referred to above, in the event that any part of the party wall is exposed at any time during the demolition works. The said waterproof membrane must be applied as soon as possible on the day of the exposure of the Party Wall referred to in the Plan. Temporary or permanent cladding must also be fixed to the outside of the exposed Party Wall when the waterproofing is complete to ensure the security of the remaining residence.
- (e) Any removal of an entire party wall within the site will require that the notification on the titles relating to the cross easements be deleted by an appropriate Request Form 11R accompanied by suitable evidence (statutory declaration etc.) confirming the status of the wall (demolished, non-supporting, etc).

Note: Attachments or connections to party walls may require the consent of the adjoining property owner/s.

### **Reason**

To ensure the orderly development of land and to ensure the structural integrity of the existing party wall/s is verified.

## **(28) PUBLIC ART**

Public art must be installed to the City's satisfaction prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.

- (a) The public artwork must be in accordance with the Preliminary Public Art Plan prepared by UAP dated June 2024 (Council Reference 2024/447969), the *Sydney DCP 2012*, the *Public Art Policy*, and the *Interim Guidelines: Public art in private developments*.
- (b) A Detailed Public Art Plan with final details of the proposed public artwork must be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager prior to issue of any Construction Certificate for above ground works.

- (c) Public artwork must be installed to the City's satisfaction, inspected and approved and the Final Public Art Report submitted and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.

Note: Public Art must be reviewed and endorsed by the City's Public Art Team and/or the Public Art Advisory Panel prior to submission for Council approval. Further information is available online at <http://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/explore/arts-and-culture/public-art> Please contact the Public Art Team at [publicartreferrals@cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au](mailto:publicartreferrals@cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au) for further information.

### **Reason**

To ensure public art is installed to the City's satisfaction.

## **(29) DEMOLITION, EXCAVATION AND CONSTRUCTION NOISE AND VIBRATION MANAGEMENT PLAN**

A site-specific noise management plan must be submitted to and approved by Council Area Planning Manager/ Area Coordinator Planning Assessments prior to issue of any Construction Certificate. The Plan must be prepared by a suitably qualified acoustic consultant who is a person who possesses the qualifications to join the Australian Acoustic Society, Institution of Engineers Australia (grade of member) or the Association of Australasian Acoustic Consultants (grade of member firm). The plan must include but not be limited to the following:

- (a) Identification of noise sensitive receivers near to the site.
- (b) A prediction as to the level of noise impact likely to affect the nearest noise sensitive receivers from the use and proposed number of high noise intrusive appliances intended to be operated onsite. A statement should also be submitted outlining whether or not predicted noise levels will comply with the noise criteria stated within the *City of Sydney Construction Hours /Noise Code of Practice 1992* for the typical construction hours of 07.00am to 7.00pm. Where resultant site noise levels are likely to be in exceedance of this noise criteria then a suitable proposal must be given as to the duration and frequency of respite periods that will be afforded to the occupiers of neighbouring property.
- (c) A representative background noise measurement ( $L_{A90, 15 \text{ minute}}$ ) should be submitted, assessed in the vicinity of any potentially affected receiver locations and measured in accordance with AS 1055:1.2.1997.
- (d) Confirmation of the level of community consultation that has/is and will be undertaken with Building Managers/ occupiers of the main adjoining noise sensitive properties likely to be most affected by site works and the operation of plant/machinery particularly during the demolition and excavation phases.
- (e) Confirmation of noise monitoring methodology that is to be undertaken during the main stages of work at neighbouring noise sensitive properties in order to keep complaints to a minimum and to ensure that noise from site works complies with the noise criteria contained within City's Construction Noise Code.

- (f) What course of action will be undertaken following receipt of a complaint concerning offensive noise.
- (g) Details of any noise mitigation measures that have been outlined by an acoustic consultant or otherwise that will be deployed on site to reduce noise impacts on the occupiers of neighbouring noise sensitive property to a minimum.
- (h) What plant and equipment is to be used on site, the level of sound mitigation measures to be undertaken in each case and the criteria adopted in their selection taking into account the likely noise impacts on the occupiers of neighbouring property and other less intrusive technologies available.

**Reason**

To ensure an adequate construction noise and vibration management plan is prepared.

**(30) COMPLIANCE WITH THE ACOUSTIC REPORT PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION AND OR OCCUPATION CERTIFICATES**

- (a) All relevant performance parameters (including but not limited to requirements, engineering assumptions and recommendations) in the DA Acoustic Report prepared by Acoustic Logic dated 27th April 2023, referenced: 20230295.1/2704A/R0/SW (Council Reference: 2023/457215) must be implemented in the development prior to the commencement of its use.
- (b) Prior to the issue of any relevant Construction Certificate, the final construction drawings and final construction methodology must be assessed and reported to be in accordance with the requirements of the DA Acoustic Report in (a) above, with reference to relevant documentation. This must be done by a Suitably Qualified Acoustic Consultant\* (see definition below). This work will be to the satisfaction of the Registered Certifier.
- (c) Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, a Suitably Qualified Acoustic Consultant\* is to provide a written Acoustic Verification Report to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier that the development complies with the requirements set out in the Report and in (a) and (b) above. Note: *Suitably Qualified Acoustic Consultant means a consultant who possesses the qualifications to join the Australian Acoustical Society, Institution of Engineers Australia (grade of member) or the Association of Australasian Acoustical Consultants (grade of member firm).*
- (d) All physical aspects of the building's structure installed in order to meet performance parameters in accordance with this condition must be maintained at all times.

**Reason**

To ensure all parties are aware of the supporting documentation that applies to the development.

### **(31) PARKING DESIGN**

- (a) The design, layout, signage, line marking, lighting and physical controls of all off-street parking facilities must comply with the minimum requirements of Australian Standard AS/NZS 2890.1 Parking facilities Part 1: Off-street car parking, AS/NZS 2890.2 Parking facilities Part 2: Off-commercial vehicle facilities and AS/NZS 2890.6 Parking facilities Part 6: Off-street parking for people with disabilities. The details must be submitted to and approved by the Registered Certifier prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.
- (b) The design and layout of all off-street small car parking spaces must comply with the minimum requirements of Australian Standard AS/NZS 2890.1 - 2004 Parking facilities Part 1: Off-street car parking and Council's Development Control Plan. The details must be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.
- (c) All small car spaces must be clearly marked and identifiable as small car spaces. The signs or line markings must be in place and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority prior to an Occupation Certificate being issued and must be maintained in good order at all times.

#### **Reason**

To ensure parking facilities are designed in accordance with the Australian Standards and Council requirements.

### **(32) ALLOCATION OF PARKING**

The number of car parking spaces to be provided for the development must comply with the table below. Details confirming the parking numbers must be submitted to the satisfaction of the Registered Certifier prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

Car Parking Type	Number
Retail/commercial staff parking	10
Accessible Retail/commercial staff parking	1
Retail/commercial staff small car parking	1
Motorcycle parking	1
Service vehicle spaces	1
Medium rigid vehicle loading dock(s)	1

**Reason**

To ensure the allocation of parking is in accordance with the Council's DCP.

**(33) BICYCLE PARKING AND END OF TRIP FACILITIES**

- (a) The minimum number of bicycle parking spaces and end of trip facilities to be provided within the site boundary for the development must comply with the table below.

Bicycle Parking Type	Number	Requirements
Non-residential	14	Spaces must be Class 2 bicycle facilities
Non-residential visitor	6	Spaces must be Class 3 bicycle rails
End of Trip Facility Type	Number	
Showers with change area	2	
Personal lockers	14	

All bicycle parking spaces and end of trip facility must be provided on private land. The public domain cannot be used to satisfy this condition.

- (b) The layout, design and security of bicycle facilities must comply with the minimum requirements of Australian Standard AS 2890.3 Parking Facilities Part 3: Bicycle Parking Facilities. The details must be submitted to and approved by the Registered Certifier confirming prior to and form part of the Construction Certificate being issued.

**Reason**

To ensure the allocation of bicycle parking onsite that is in accordance with Australian Standards and the Council's DCP.

**(34) CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT PLAN**

- (a) A Construction Traffic Management Plan must be submitted to and approved by Council prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.
- (b) The approved plan must be complied with during any demolition and/or construction work.



**Reason**

To ensure that the impacts of construction traffic is appropriately managed.

**(35) SITE AUDIT STATEMENT**

Prior to the issue of a construction certificate associated with the built form of the development (excluding building work directly related to remediation), a Section A Site Audit Statement must be obtained from a NSW Environment Protection Authority accredited Site Auditor and submitted to the Council's Area Planning Manager at email address:

[hbapplications@cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au](mailto:hbapplications@cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au)

The Site Audit Statement must confirm that the site has been remediated in accordance with the approved Remedial Action Plan and clearly state that site is suitable for the proposed use.

- (a) In circumstances where the Site Audit Statement is subject to conditions that require ongoing review by the Auditor or Council, these must be reviewed and must be approved by the Council's Health and Building Unit in writing through the Area Planning Manager before the Site Audit Statement is issued.
- (b) In circumstances where the Site Audit Statement conditions (if applicable) are not consistent with the consent, the development must not proceed until the inconsistency has been resolved to the satisfaction of Council (such as via a S4.55 modification of the consent pursuant to the provisions of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979*).
- (c) **No Occupation Certificate is to be issued** by the Principal Certifier unless a Site Audit Statement has been submitted to and approved by Council in accordance with this condition.

**Reason**

To ensure that the site is appropriately remediated.

**(36) INSTALLATION OF DUAL-FLUSH TOILETS**

All toilets installed within the development must be of water efficient dual-flush or other water-saving capacity with at least a 4-star rating under the Water Efficiency and Labelling Scheme (WELS). The details must be submitted for the approval of the Registered Certifier, prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

**Reason**

To ensure the provision of water efficient toilets.

### **(37) INSTALLATION OF WATER EFFICIENT URINALS**

New urinal suites, urinals and urinal flushing control mechanisms must use waterless technology. Where it is submitted that this is not feasible, it must be demonstrated that products have been selected with at least a 5-star rating under the Water Efficiency and Labelling Scheme (WELS). Systems must include "smart controls" to reduce unnecessary flushing. Continuous flushing systems are not approved. Details are to be submitted to and approved by the Registered Certifier, prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

#### **Reason**

To ensure the provision of water efficient urinals.

### **(38) INSTALLATION OF WATER EFFICIENT TAPS**

All taps installed must be water efficient with at least a 5-star rating under the Water Efficiency and Labelling Scheme (WELS). The details are to be submitted for the approval of the Registered Certifier, prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued.

#### **Reason**

To ensure the provision of water efficient taps.

### **(39) INTERNAL LIGHTING SYSTEM**

The internal lighting system for the commercial office spaces must provide for the efficient use of energy including the use of energy efficient light fittings, zoned lighting and controls and sensors to ensure automatic switch off during non-working hours. LED lighting technology (or other technology with an improved lighting power density – watts per square metre) must be implemented. Details of the internal lighting system must be submitted to and approved by the Registered Certifier prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

#### **Reason**

To ensure the provision of energy efficient lighting.

### **(40) DESIGN FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE**

- (a) Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, the Design for Environmental Performance Report prepared by Behrooz Shojaei dated Monday, July 10, 2023 (Council Reference: 2023/457199) is to be amended as follows:
  - (i) Section 4 – Energy Efficiency and Greenhouse Gas Emissions Abatement
    - a. Details for space heating and cooling are to be updated when finalised following detailed design.
    - b. Details for domestic hot water are to be updated when finalised following detailed design.

- (ii) Section 6 – On site Renewable Energy Generation and Storage
  - a. Response is to be updated and architectural plans are to include clear markups and provide additional annotations to DA stage plan set around area requirements and output capacity for PV systems when finalised following detailed design. To maintain consistency with sustainability reporting in the development application; annotations are required to clearly identify a photovoltaic system, totalling a peak capacity in line with previously reported 72 kWp.
- (iii) Section 8 – Designing for mains potable water savings and water efficiency
  - a. Response is to be updated and architectural plans are to include clear markups and annotations around area requirements and storage volume of proposed water capture system when finalised following detailed design.
- (b) Prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate, the Registered Certifier must be satisfied that those matters listed in the following sections of the approved Design for Environmental Performance report are incorporated into the relevant construction plans and accompanying documentation:
  - (i) Section 4 – Energy Efficiency and Greenhouse Gas Emissions Abatement
  - (ii) Section 5 – Passive Design for Thermal Performance – Building Envelope Design
  - (iii) Section 6 – On site Renewable Energy Generation and Storage
  - (iv) Section 7 – Design for Resilience to Climate Change
  - (v) Section 8 – Designing for mains potable water savings and water efficiency
  - (vi) Section 9 – Storm water quality
- (c) Changes to any commitments including those required by part (a) of this condition and as listed in the approved Design for Environmental Performance report must be submitted to and approved by Council’s Area Planning Manager/Coordinator prior to the issue of any relevant Construction Certificate.

**Reason**

To ensure the environmental performance of the development.

#### **(41) PUBLIC DOMAIN DAMAGE BOND**

- (a) A Public Domain Damage Deposit calculated on the basis of 295 square metres of concrete and asphalt site frontage must be lodged with Council in accordance with the City of Sydney's adopted Schedule of Fees and Charges. The bond must be provided as security for repairing any damage to the public domain in the vicinity of the site.
- (b) The City's Public Domain Unit must be contacted to determine the bond amount prior to lodgement. The Bond must be lodged with the City prior to an approval for demolition being granted or any Construction Certificate being issued, whichever is earlier.
- (c) The bond in this condition will be released in full when the Public Domain Works Security Bond is lodged with the City.

#### **Reason**

To allow for the appropriate management and rectification of damage to the public domain.

#### **(42) PROTECTION OF STONE KERBS**

- (a) The existing stone kerbs on the Cleveland frontage of the site are to be retained and properly protected during demolition, excavation and construction works.
- (b) To avoid damage to stone kerbs during excavation and construction works for the development, temporary removal and storage of the stone kerbs may be approved by Council. Removed, serviceable stone kerbs (i.e. those that are in good condition as agreed by Council officers) must be re-installed in accordance with the City of Sydney's standard details and specifications after the construction works have been completed. A temporary concrete kerb will need to be constructed to retain the footpath until the stone kerbs can be reinstalled.
- (c) Note the following:
  - (i) all costs associated with the works are to be borne by the developer.
  - (ii) Damaged kerbs are to be replaced to match existing to Council's satisfaction or as otherwise advised by Council officers.
  - (iii) Where new vehicle crossings or temporary crossings are to be constructed to access the property, the affected kerb stones should be salvaged and reused wherever possible.
  - (iv) All new driveway laybacks and kerbs are to be constructed with stone kerbs to match existing stones or as specified by City officers.
  - (v) Council approval is required before kerbs are removed.
  - (vi) Council approval is required prior to the cutting of existing stone kerbs for stormwater kerb outlets.

- (vii) Stone kerbs and gutters may be bonded in accordance with the City of Sydney's adopted Schedule of Fees and Charges. If so, this will be included with the Public Domain Damage Bond.

**Reason**

To ensure the protection of stone kerbs.

**(43) SURVEY INFRASTRUCTURE – IDENTIFICATION AND RECOVERY**

Under Section 24 of the Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002, it is an offence to remove, damage, destroy, displace, obliterate or deface any survey mark unless authorised to do so by the Surveyor-General. Accordingly, the applicant must, where possible, ensure the preservation of existing survey infrastructure undisturbed and in its original state or else provide evidence of the Surveyor-General's authorisation to remove or replace marks.

Prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate, documentary evidence must be prepared by a Registered Surveyor and submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager / Coordinator. This evidence must include either:

- (a) A copy of any Surveyor-General's Approval for Survey Mark Removal granted by NSW Spatial Services for the subject site, including all documentation submitted as part of that application (for example the survey mark audit schedule, strategy plan and strategy report); or
- (b) A letter, signed by a current NSW Registered Land Surveyor and including his or her Board of Surveying and Spatial Information (BOSSI) identification number, stating that all investigations required under Surveyor-General's Direction No.11 have been made for the subject site and that no survey infrastructure will be affected by the proposal.

Council's Principal Surveyor may request further information and/or add conditions to any Surveyor-General's Approval at their discretion.

**Reason**

To ensure the preservation of existing survey infrastructure.

**(44) PUBLIC DOMAIN LEVELS AND GRADIENTS - MAJOR**

Prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate, a Public Domain Levels and Gradients submission for the building and site frontages must be submitted to and approved by the City's Public Domain Unit. The submission must be prepared in accordance with the City's *Public Domain Manual* and submitted with a completed Application for *Public Domain Levels and Gradients*. Information on how to complete the submission can be downloaded from the City's website at <https://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/development/public-domain-works/da-associated-works>.

Any requirements to comply with Disability Discrimination Act at the entrance to a building or publicly accessible space must be resolved inside the site boundary.

Note: Public Domain Levels and Gradient plans are to be included with the Public Domain Plan – Detailed Documentation for Construction condition submission.

**Reason**

To ensure public domain levels and gradients comply with Council's requirements.

**(45) STORMWATER DRAINAGE DESIGN**

Prior to issue of any Construction Certificate a detailed stormwater management plan prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced professional must be submitted to and approved by the City's Public Domain Unit and must include the following:

A certified stormwater drainage design complying with:

- (a) Council's Sydney Streets Technical Specifications, Part A4 Drainage Design;
- (b) Council's Sydney Streets Technical Specifications, Standard Drawings;
- (c) Council's Sydney Streets Technical Specifications, Part B10: Stormwater Drainage Construction;
- (d) Council's Stormwater Drainage Manual; and
- (e) All relevant Australian Standards.

This information is available for download from the City's website at <https://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/development/public-domain-works/da-associated-works>.

Note: A Deed of Agreement (Stormwater Deed) for all proposed connections to the City's drainage system, and a Positive Covenant for all OSD systems may be required prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate.

**Reason**

To ensure stormwater drainage design complies with Council's requirements.

**(46) STORMWATER ON-SITE DETENTION**

The requirements of Sydney Water with regard to the on-site detention (OSD) of stormwater must be ascertained and complied with. Evidence of the approval must be submitted to Council prior to issue of any Construction Certificate other than demolition.

Where an OSD is not required by Sydney Water one may still be required by the City.

### **Reason**

To ensure the requirements of Sydney Water are complied with.

### **(47) FLOOD PLANNING LEVELS**

The development must be constructed to comply with the recommended flood planning levels indicated in Figure 6 of the report titled Flood Impact and Risk Management Report prepared by Prabeg Sharma of IGS Pty Ltd dated 26 April 2024 (Council Reference: 2024/311281).

Details must be submitted to the Registered Certifier prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate demonstrating that the development will comply with the recommended flood planning levels.

### **Reason**

To ensure the development complies with the recommended flood planning levels.

### **(48) PUBLIC DOMAIN LIGHTING UPGRADE**

Prior to issue of any Construction Certificate for excavation, civil construction, drainage or building work (whichever is earlier), a concept Public Domain Lighting Upgrade Plan for pedestrian and street lighting in the public domain must be submitted to and approved by City's Public Domain Unit. The Lighting Plan must be prepared in accordance with the *Sydney Streets Technical Specifications A5 and B8*, *Sydney Lights Design Code* and *Public Domain Manual*. This information is available for download from the City's website at <https://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/development/public-domain-works/da-associated-works>.

The lighting upgrade plan must cover all adjacent street frontages, being Cleveland Street, Marriott Street and James Street Reserve and shall be designed to include the following requirements for Cleveland Street:

- Lighting compliance with requirements of AS1158 under Category V3 on the road reserve and PP1 on the footpath is required.
- Supply and install COS Smartpoles type S1B 9.6m complete with 3.0m outreach arm, standard banner arm and high-level GPO, and COS standard LED luminaires.
- Underground Ausgrid cables to avoid clash with COS Smartpoles.

Under Awning lighting:

- Provide under awning lighting complying with the requirements of COS Awnings Policy.
- Lighting standards are as specified for adjacent footways.

Advice on site specific lighting requirements must be obtained from City's Public Domain Unit before proceeding with the preparation of any final lighting design proposals.

**Reason**

To ensure pedestrian and street lighting in the public domain complies with Council's requirements.

**(49) DILAPIDATION REPORT - PUBLIC DOMAIN**

Prior to an approval for demolition and preparatory works being granted or the issue of any Construction Certificate, whichever is earlier, a photographic recording of the public domain site frontages is to be prepared as described in the Public Domain Manual and submitted for approval by Council's Public Domain Unit. The City's *Public Domain Manual* is available for download from the City's website at <https://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/>

The submission is to include written confirmation, issued with the authority of both the applicant and the photographer that the City of Sydney is granted a perpetual non-exclusive license to make use of the copyright in all images supplied, including the right to make copies available to third parties as though they were Council images. The signatures of both the applicant and the photographer must be included.

**Reason**

To establish and document the condition of the public domain for comparison as building work progresses and is completed.

**(50) DEWATERING - APPROVAL NSW OFFICE OF WATER**

If any dewatering of the site is to be undertaken, a bore licence may be required from the NSW Office of Water under the provisions of Part V of the Water Act 1912. The NSW Office of Water licences dewatering to allow excavation for construction for a temporary period, usually 12 months.

*NOTE: The Department's instructions to Council are that they will not endorse the extraction of groundwater in perpetuity i.e. permanent dewatering around a development site, because it considers such development to be unsuitable. For this reason any proposed basement or other area that requires dewatering on an on-going basis may need to be fully tanked.*

**Reason**

To ensure dewatering is undertaken appropriately.

**(51) TEMPORARY DEWATERING DURING CONSTRUCTION**

Prior to discharging any water collected during excavation and construction into the City's stormwater drainage system, approval must be sought from the City's Public Domain Unit. A dewatering management plan must be submitted with an *Application for Temporary Dewatering* available to download on the City's website.



Other options for dewatering include disposal to sewer with prior approval from Sydney Water, or off-site disposal by a liquid waste transporter for treatment/disposal to an appropriate waste treatment/processing facility.

**Reason**

To ensure dewatering is managed appropriately.

**(52) STORMWATER DRAINAGE DESIGN FOR STATE ROADS/OTHER AUTHORITIES**

A detailed stormwater management plan prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced professional and complying with Council's Sydney Streets Technical Specifications, Part A4 Stormwater Drainage Design must be submitted to and approved by Sydney Water prior to issue of any Construction Certificate other than demolition. Evidence of this approval must be submitted to Council.

**Reason**

To ensure stormwater drainage design complies with owner's requirements.

**(53) MECHANICAL VENTILATION**

- (a) The premises must be ventilated in accordance with the *Building Code of Australia* and *AS1668.1 and AS1668.2 - The Use of Ventilation and Air-conditioning in Buildings - Mechanical Ventilation in Buildings*.
- (b) Details of any mechanical ventilation and/or air conditioning system complying with *AS1668.1 and AS1668.2 - The Use of Ventilation and Air-conditioning in Buildings - Mechanical Ventilation in Buildings*, the *Building Code of Australia* and relevant Australian Standards must be prepared and certified in accordance with Clause A5.2(1)(e) of the *Building Code of Australia*, to the satisfaction of the Registered Certifier prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.
- (c) Prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate and following the completion, installation, and testing of all the mechanical ventilation systems, a Mechanical Ventilation Certificate of Completion and Performance in accordance with Clause A5.2(1)(e) of the *Building Code of Australia*, must be submitted to the Principal Certifier.

**Reason**

To ensure the ventilation complies with relevant standards.

#### **(54) FUTURE FOOD USE - MECHANICAL VENTILATION PROVISION**

Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, the mechanical exhaust systems and/or shafts must be designed to allow for the discharge of effluent air above roof level and must be designed with capacity to accommodate exhaust ducts and mechanical ventilation systems for all commercial tenancies proposed with the potential to become a food premises in future. Systems must be designed in accordance with *AS1668.2 – The Use of Ventilation and Air-conditioning in Buildings – Mechanical Ventilation in Buildings*, and *AS1668.1 – The Use of Ventilation and Air-conditioning in Buildings – Fire and Smoke Control in Buildings*.

##### **Reason**

To ensure the mechanical ventilation complies with relevant standards.

#### **(55) GREASE AND LIQUID WASTE TRAPS**

- (a) A grease trap as required by Sydney Water must be installed in accordance with the relevant Sydney Water requirements.
- (b) Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, plans and details are to be submitted to and approved by the Registered Certifier showing the following:
  - (i) The grease trap is constructed and installed in a location which allows it to be easily and effectively cleaned and emptied; and
  - (ii) The grease trap is constructed and located as not to encourage the harbourage of pests and be effectively pest proofed.
- (c) The grease trap is not located in any kitchen, food preparation or food storage areas;

Note: In-sink and in-floor waste bucket traps must be installed in all sinks and floor wastes in all commercial kitchens and food preparation areas. The installation of any grease traps and treatment equipment must be carried out by a suitably qualified and licensed plumber in accordance with the *Plumbing Code of Australia*.

##### **Reason**

To ensure grease and liquid waste traps for future food and drink premises are installed in accordance with relevant requirements.

#### **(56) TOILETS FOR FOOD HANDLERS**

- (a) Adequate toilet facilities must be available for food handlers working for the future food premise(s). Toilets and associated facilities must be provided in accordance with *AS4674 – Design, Construction and Fit-out of Food Premises* and the *Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code, 3.2.3 - Food Premises and Equipment*.

- (b) Details of the location of toilets which are provided exclusively for the use of food handlers and staff working at the business(es) must be submitted for the approval of the Registered Certifier prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.
- (c) The toilet(s) must be provided with a hand wash basin, with hot and cold running water mixed through a common spout, hand wash soap, hygienic hand drying facilities and hands-free taps.

**Reason**

To ensure food handlers have access to adequate toilet facilities.

**(57) WASTE ROOMS (GENERAL WASTE AREAS)**

- (a) To ensure the adequate storage and collection of waste from the occupation of the building (including the retail food and drink premise uses on the ground floor), all garbage and recyclable materials emanating from the premises must be stored in the designated waste storage area. The waste storage area must be designed and constructed in accordance with AS 4674 – Design, Construction and Fit-out of Food Premises, Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code 3.2.3 – Food Premises and Equipment and comply with Council’s Policy for Waste Minimisation in New Developments, including the following requirements to minimise odours, deter vermin, and protect surrounding areas:
  - (i) Provided with a hose tap connected to the water supply.
  - (ii) Paved with impervious floor materials.
  - (iii) Coved at the intersection of the floor and walls.
  - (iv) Graded and drained to a waste disposal system in accordance with the relevant regulatory authority (Sydney Water).
  - (v) Adequately ventilated (mechanically or naturally) so that odour emissions do not cause offensive odour as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.
  - (vi) An adequate lighting system must be provided (natural or artificial) to the waste room to aid with cleaning and the detection of pest activity.
  - (vii) Provided with the appropriate number and size of bins adequate for the storage of waste generated by the business, including recycling.
  - (viii) Fitted with appropriate interventions to meet fire safety standards in accordance with the *National Construction Code (previously known as Building Code of Australia)*.
- (b) Detailed plans and specifications for the construction of the waste storage area are to be submitted to the Certifying Authority with the Construction Certificate.

## Reason

To ensure adequate storage and collection of waste.

### (58) WASTE AND RECYCLING MANAGEMENT - COMMERCIAL

- (a) The Operational Waste and Recycling Management Plan, prepared by Ratio Consultants Pty Ltd, accompanying this Development Application has been approved by this consent (Council Reference: 2023/457192).
- (b) A Construction and Demolition Waste and Recycling Management Plan, which meets the requirements as set out in Council's *Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments 2018*, is to be approved by the Principal Certifying Authority prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.
- (c) All requirements of the approved Waste and Recycling Management Plan must be implemented during construction and operation of the development and include:
  - (i) Dedicated space to be provided within the development for the storage and recycling of bulky waste, problem waste, strip out and food waste.
  - (ii) Collection points for waste and recycling must be wholly located within the boundary of the development.
  - (iii) The nominated waste and recycling storage areas must be constructed to meet the relevant conditions required by the City's *Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments 2018*.
  - (iv) Provision and storage within the boundary of the development of waste and recycling receptacles and any bulky waste at all times.
  - (v) The path of travel between the bin storage areas/bulky waste storage areas and the designated waste/recycling collection point is to have a minimum 1,200mm wall-to-wall clearance, be slip-proof, of a hard surface, be free of obstructions and at no point have a gradient exceeding 1:14. The use of a lift is permitted, but consideration should be given to the inclusion of a service lift in this instance.

Note: The building manager/strata title manager or body corporate is responsible for ensuring all tenants are kept informed regarding Council's policies, and best practice waste and recycling source separation.

### UPON COMPLETION OF THE DEVELOPMENT

- (d) Prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued or the use commencing, whichever is earlier, the Principal Certifier must ensure that waste handling works have been completed in accordance with: the Waste and Recycling Management Plan; other relevant development consent conditions; and Council's *Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments 2018*.

**Reason**

To ensure that waste and recycling is appropriately managed.

**(59) ELECTRICITY SUBSTATION**

If required by the applicable energy supplier, the owner must dedicate to the applicable energy supplier, free of cost, an area of land within the development site, but not in any landscaped area or in any area visible from the public domain, to enable an electricity substation to be installed. The size and location of the substation is to be submitted for approval of Council and Ausgrid, prior to a Construction Certificate being issued or the commencement of the use, whichever is earlier.

**Reason**

To ensure that the provision of a substation to service the development is appropriately incorporated into the design of the building in a manner that minimises streetscape impacts.

**(60) UTILITY SERVICES**

To ensure that utility authorities are advised of the development:

- (a) Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate a survey is to be carried out of all utility services within and adjacent to the site including relevant information from utility authorities and excavation, if necessary, to determine the position and level of services.
- (b) Prior to the commencement of work the applicant is to obtain written approval from the utility authorities (e.g. Energy Australia, Sydney Water, and Telecommunications Carriers) in connection with the relocation and/or adjustment of the services affected by the construction of the underground structure. Any costs in the relocation, adjustment or support of services are to be the responsibility of the developer.

**Reason**

To ensure that utility authorities are advised of the development and their approval is obtained in connection with the relocation and/or adjustment of services affected by the development.

**(61) DILAPIDATION REPORT – MAJOR EXCAVATION/DEMOLITION**

- (a) Subject to the receipt of permission of the affected landowner, dilapidation report/s, including a photographic survey of 373 Cleveland Street (and any other properties identified by the qualified structural engineer engaged to undertake the report) are to be prepared by an appropriately qualified structural engineer prior to commencement of demolition/excavation works. A copy of the dilapidation report/s together with the accompanying photographs must be given to the above property owners, and a copy lodged with the Registered Certifier and the Council prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

## UPON COMPLETION OF EXCAVATION/DEMOLITION

- (b) A second Dilapidation Report/s, including a photographic survey must then be submitted at least one month after the completion of demolition/excavation works. A copy of the second dilapidation report/s, together with the accompanying photographs must be given to the above property owners, and a copy lodged with the Principal Certifier and the Council prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.

Any damage to buildings, structures, lawns, trees, sheds, gardens and the like must be fully rectified by the applicant or owner, at no cost to the affected property owner.

Note: Prior to the commencement of the building surveys, the applicant/owner must advise (in writing) all property owners of buildings to be surveyed of what the survey will entail and of the process for making a claim regarding property damage. A copy of this information must be submitted to Council.

### **Reason**

To ensure that dilapidation reports are prepared and to identify damage to adjoining/nearby properties resulting from building work on the development site.

## **(62) SURVEY**

- (a) At Foundation Stage - All footings and walls adjacent to a boundary must be set out by a registered surveyor. On commencement of brickwork or wall construction a survey and report must be submitted to the Principal Certifier indicating the position of external walls in relation to the boundaries of the allotment. Any encroachments of the subject building over the side boundaries must be removed prior to continuation of building construction work, or alternatively a letter supplied from the registered proprietor(s) of the adjoining lot(s) confirming that they are aware of the nature and extent of the encroachment, and undertaking to execute all necessary documentation to permit the creation of an easement to permit the encroachment to remain.
- (b) Prior to the concrete pour of the main slab at each level, a survey shall be made by a surveyor registered under the *Surveying & Spatial Information Act, 2002*, confirming that the formwork adjacent to existing or proposed boundaries is clear of those existing or proposed boundaries and is in accordance with approved setbacks. This survey shall be provided to the Principal Certifier prior to the concrete pour. The concrete pour must not take place until the Principal Certifier receives a survey proving that the formwork has been constructed within the existing and proposed boundaries of the site, and is compliant with the setbacks approved under this consent.

### **Reason**

To ensure the development does not encroach onto neighbouring properties.

**(63) RODENT TREATMENT PROGRAMME – PRE-DEMOLITION AND/OR EXCAVATION**

- (a) Prior to the commencement of any demolition and/or excavation works, a programme of baiting and monitoring of rodent activity is to be put in place at the site.
- (b) A licensed Pest Control Operative must carry out all pest control work and prepare a report, confirming that there is no evidence of any rodent activity at the site prior to the commencement of any works on site. The report must be submitted to and be approved/endorsed by the Registered Certifier.

**Reason**

To ensure that the potential impact of rodents during the demolition, excavation and construction phase is appropriately managed.

**(64) EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL - BETWEEN 250 AND 2,500SQM**

Prior to the commencement of demolition/excavation/construction work, an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP) must be submitted to and be approved by the Principal Certifier. The ESCP must:

- (a) Conform to the specifications and standards contained in *Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils and Construction* (Landcom, 2004); the *Guidelines for Erosion and Sediment Control on Building Sites* (City of Sydney, 2004); and the *NSW Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.
- (b) Include a drawing(s) that clearly shows:
  - (i) location of site boundaries and adjoining roads
  - (ii) approximate grades and indications of direction(s) of fall
  - (iii) approximate location of trees and other vegetation, showing items for removal or retention
  - (iv) location of site access, proposed roads and other impervious areas
  - (v) existing and proposed drainage patterns with stormwater discharge points
  - (vi) north point and scale
- (c) Specify how soil conservation measures will be conducted on site including:
  - (i) timing of works
  - (ii) locations of lands where a protective ground cover will, as far as is practicable, be maintained
  - (iii) access protection measures

- (iv) nature and extent of earthworks, including the amount of any cut and fill
- (v) where applicable, the diversion of runoff from upslope lands around the disturbed areas
- (vi) location of all soil and other material stockpiles including topsoil storage, protection and reuse methodology
- (vii) procedures by which stormwater is to be collected and treated prior to discharge including details of any proposed pollution control device(s)
- (viii) frequency and nature of any maintenance program
- (ix) other site-specific soil or water conservation structures.

**Reason**

To ensure that appropriate erosion and sediment control measures are put in place during construction to protect the environment.

**(65) STREET TREE PRUNING AND REMOVAL**

- (a) The consent from Council's Tree Management Officer must be obtained prior to the undertaking of any street tree pruning works including tree roots greater than 30mm diameter. Only minor pruning works will be approved by Council. This shall be detailed in a Pruning Specification Report prepared by a qualified Arborist (minimum AQF Level 5) and submitted to Council for approval.
- (b) Any pruning that has been approved by Council, must be carried out by an arborist with a minimum AQF Level 3 qualification in arboriculture and must be in accordance with AS4373 Australian Standards 'Pruning of Amenity Trees'.

**Reason**

To ensure that approval is obtained for any pruning works to, or removal of, street trees and that such works are carried out in an appropriate manner.

**(66) PUBLIC DOMAIN WORK – CONSTRUCTION APPROVAL UNDER SECTION 138 ROADS ACT 1993**

Prior to the construction of any public domain works, approval under Section 138 / 139 of the Roads Act 1993 must be issued by the City's Public Domain Unit.

**Reason**

To ensure relevant approvals for public domain work are obtained.



**(67) TEMPORARY GROUND ANCHORS, TEMPORARY SHORING AND PERMANENT BASEMENT/RETAINING WALLS AFFECTING THE ROAD RESERVE**

For temporary shoring including ground anchors affecting the road reserve, a separate application under Sections 138/139 of the *Roads Act 1993* must be submitted to and approved by Council.

**Reason**

To ensure that approval under the Roads Act is obtained.

**(68) APPLICATION FOR HOARDINGS AND SCAFFOLDING INSTALLED ON OR ABOVE A PUBLIC ROAD AND OPERATING HOISTING DEVICES INCLUDING BUILDING MAINTENANCE UNITS OVER A PUBLIC ROAD**

- (a) Where a hoarding and/or scaffolding (temporary structures) are proposed to be installed on or above a road reservation (footway and/or roadway), a separate application under Section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* and Sections 138/139 of the *Roads Act 1993* must be submitted to and approved by Council for such structures.
- (b) Where an approval (Permit) is granted allowing the placement of temporary structures on or above a public road the structures must comply fully with Council's *Hoarding and Scaffolding Policy; Guidelines for Hoardings and Scaffolding*; and the conditions of approval (Permit) granted including:
  - (i) maintaining a current and valid approval for the full duration that the temporary structure/s is in place;
  - (ii) maintaining temporary structure/s in a structurally sound and stable condition for the full duration of installation (Clause 2.11.1);
  - (iii) bill posters and graffiti being removed within 24 hours of their placement (Clause 2.11.2);
  - (iv) maintaining temporary structures and the public place adjoining the work site in a clean and tidy condition including repainting and/or repair of graphics (Clauses 2.11.1, 2.11.4, 2.14.1 and 3.9.3);
  - (v) maintaining a watertight deck (Type B hoardings) to prevent liquids including rainwater, falling onto the footway/roadway surfaces (Clauses 3.9.1 and 3.9.4);
  - (vi) approved site sheds on the decks of a Type B hoarding being fully screened from the public place (Clause 3.9.5);
  - (vii) material and equipment not being placed or stored on the deck of Type B hoardings, unless specifically approved by Council (Clause 3.9.4);
  - (viii) providing and maintaining operational artificial lighting systems under Type B hoardings including at high-bay truck entry points (Clause 3.9.9); and

- (ix) ensuring all required signage, artwork or historic images are provided and fully maintained to the City's requirements (Clauses 3.4, 3.9.3, 3.9.6, 3.9.8, 3.10.1 and 4.2).

If it is proposed to operate a hoisting device including a building maintenance unit above a public road which swings, hoists material/equipment and/or slews/wind vanes any part of the device over the public road, a separate application under Section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* and Sections 138/139 of the *Roads Act 1993* must be made to Council to obtain approval.

**Note:** 'Building maintenance unit' means a power-operated suspended platform and associated equipment on a building specifically designed to provide permanent access to the faces of the building for maintenance (*Work Health and Safety Regulation 2017*).

### **Reason**

To ensure the necessary approval is obtained for temporary structures over a public road.

## **(69) OTHER REQUIRED APPROVALS**

Any structure, attachment or activity which is proposed to be undertaken in, on or above a road reserve or the public domain (including a public footway) must have separate approval(s) obtainable through the lodgement of an application under Section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* and/or Section 138/139 of the *Roads Act 1993* prior to the commencement of work/activities within the road reserve/public domain. Such activities include but not limited to:

- (a) installation of construction-related temporary structures including hoardings/scaffolding;
- (b) installation and/or alterations to advertising/business signs;
- (c) installation and/or alterations to street awnings;
- (d) crane operation and other hoisting activities;
- (e) temporary works (e.g. barricading, road openings, mobile hoisting devices);
- (f) works zones (for loading and unloading from the roadway); and
- (g) temporary ground anchoring and shoring to support a roadway when excavating; and
- (h) any other structure or encroachment including facade elements/architectural features.

### **Reason**

To ensure use of a public place is managed appropriately.

**(70) ROAD OPENING APPLICATION**

A separate road opening application under Sections 138/139 of the *Roads Act 1993* must be submitted to and approved by Council prior to the commencement of any:

- (a) Excavation in or disturbance of a public way, or
- (b) Excavation on land that, if shoring were not provided, may disturb the surface of a public road (including footpath).

**Reason**

To ensure that approval under the Roads Act is obtained.

**(71) COMPLIANCE WITH DEMOLITION, EXCAVATION AND CONSTRUCTION NOISE AND VIBRATION MANAGEMENT PLAN**

All works conducted on site which form part of this development must be carried out in accordance with the Demolition, Excavation and Construction Management Plan (approved under Condition 29 of this consent).

Where all such control measures have been implemented and the resultant noise and/ or vibration levels at any sensitive receiver still exceed the council's applicable criteria stated in the Construction Hours/Noise Code 1992 and are giving rise to sustained complaints then the contractor must provide regular, appropriate and sustained periods of respite in consultation with Council's Health and Building unit. Approval to vary the authorised noise and vibration levels must be received in writing by the proponent from Council prior to activities being undertaken that exceed sanctioned emission levels. Such periods must be set and agreed to by Council's Health and Building Unit.

**Reason**

To ensure all parties are aware of the supporting documentation that applies to the development.

**(72) LAND REMEDIATION**

The site is to be remediated and validated in accordance with the Remediation Action Plan by Argus dated 18th July 2024, referenced: ES8844/5-Rev2, Council ref: 2024/448224 and Interim Advice 3 (IA3) by NSW EPA Site Auditor Rebeka Hall, Endorsement of Remediation Action Plan for 375-387 Cleveland Street, Redfern, NSW dated 2nd August 2024 and referenced AU124110 IA03, (Council Reference: 2024/448222).

All remediation work carried out shall be conducted in accordance with the guidelines in force from time to time under the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*.

Any new information which comes to light during remediation, demolition or construction works which has the potential to alter previous conclusions about site contamination must be immediately notified to the Council's Area Planning Manager, the Site Auditor and the Principal Certifier.

Any variations to the approved Remediation Action Plan must be approved in writing by the Site Auditor and Council's Area Coordinator Planning Assessments / Area Planning Manager prior to the commencement of such work.

### **(73) IMPORTED FILL MATERIALS**

All fill imported onto the site must be validated to ensure the imported fill is suitable for the proposed land use from a contamination perspective. Fill imported on to the site shall also be compatible with the existing soil characteristic for site drainage purposes.

The City may require details of appropriate validation of imported fill material to be submitted with any application for future development of the site. Hence all fill imported onto the site should be validated by either one or both of the following methods during remediation works:

- (a) Imported fill must be accompanied by documentation from the supplier which certifies that the material is not contaminated based upon analyses of the material for the known past history of the site where the material is obtained; and/or
- (b) Sampling and analysis of the fill material shall be conducted in accordance with NSW EPA (2022) Sampling Design Guidelines.

#### **Reason**

To ensure that imported fill is not contaminated.

### **(74) CLASSIFICATION OF WASTE**

Prior to the exportation of waste (including fill or soil) from the site, the waste materials must be classified in accordance with the provisions of the Protection of the *Environment Operations Act 1997* and the *NSW EPA Waste Classification Guidelines, Part1: Classifying Waste (November 2014)*. The classification of the material is essential to determine where the waste may be legally taken. The *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* provides for the commission of an offence for both the waste owner and the transporters if the waste is taken to a place that cannot lawfully be used as a waste facility for a particular class of waste. For the transport and disposal of industrial, hazardous or Group A liquid waste advice should be sought from the EPA.

#### **Reason**

To ensure that waste from site is classified and disposed of appropriately.

### **(75) HAZARDOUS AND INDUSTRIAL WASTE**

Hazardous and/or industrial waste arising from the demolition/operational activities must be removed and/or transported in accordance with the requirements of the NSW Work Cover Authority pursuant to the provisions of the following:

- (a) *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*

- (b) *Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2005*
- (c) *Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2001*
- (d) *Work Health and Safety Act 2011*
- (e) *Work Health and Safety Regulation 2017.*

**Reason**

To ensure hazardous/ industrial waste is managed appropriately.

**(76) DISCHARGE OF CONTAMINATED GROUNDWATER**

Contaminated groundwater must not be discharged into the City's stormwater drainage system.

Options for the disposal of groundwater include disposal to sewer with prior approval from Sydney Water or off-site disposal by a liquid waste transporter for treatment/disposal to an appropriate waste treatment/processing facility.

**Reason**

To ensure that the discharge of ground water is appropriately managed.

**(77) STOCKPILES**

- (a) No stockpiles of soil or other materials must be placed on footpaths or nature strips unless prior approval has been obtained from the City's Construction Regulation Team.
- (b) All stockpiles of soil or other materials must be placed away from drainage lines, gutters or stormwater pits or inlets.
- (c) All stockpiles of soil or other materials likely to generate dust or odours must be covered.
- (d) All stockpiles of contaminated soil must be stored in a secure area and be covered if remaining more than 24 hours.

**Reason**

To ensure that stockpiles of soil or other materials are appropriately managed.

**(78) COMPLIANCE WITH ACID SULPHATE SOILS MANAGEMENT PLAN**

All recommendations contained in the Acid Sulfate Soils Management Plan prepared by Aargus, dated 14 February 2024, document titled ES8844/4, (Council Reference 2024/453577) must be implemented.

**Reason**

To ensure that Acid Sulphate Soils are appropriately managed.

## **(79) STREET TREE PROTECTION**

All street trees located directly outside the site must be retained and protected in accordance with the Australian Standard 4970 Protection of Trees on Development Sites. All street trees must be protected during the construction works as follows:

- (a) Tree trunk and major branch protection must be undertaken prior to the commencement of any works (including demolition). The protection must be installed and certified by a qualified Arborist with a minimum AQF Level 3 qualification in arboriculture and must include:
  - (i) An adequate clearance, minimum 250mm, must be provided between the structure and tree branches, and trucks at all times.
  - (ii) Tree trunk/s, must be protected by wrapped thick underlay carpet or similar padding material to limit damage, and
  - (iii) Timber planks (50mm x 100mm or similar) must be placed around tree trunk/s. The timber planks must be spaced at 100mm intervals and must be fixed against the trunk with tie wire, or strapping. The thick underlay carpet or similar padding material and timber planks must not be fixed to the tree in any instance, or in any fashion.
  - (iv) Tree trunk and major branch protection is to remain in place for the duration of construction and development works and must be removed at the completion of the project.
- (b) Temporary signs, or any other items, shall not be fixed or attached to any street tree.
- (c) All hoarding support columns are to be placed a minimum of 300mm from the edge of the existing tree pits/setts, so that no sinking or damage occurs to the existing tree pits. Supporting columns must not be placed on any tree roots that are exposed.
- (d) Young street trees must be protected by installing three (3) wooden stakes around the edge of the tree pits or a minimum of 1 metre from the base of the trunk. Hessian must be wrapped around the stakes. If existing stakes or a metal tree guard are already in place, these suffice as tree protection.
- (e) Materials or goods, including site sheds, must not be stored or placed:
  - (i) around or under the tree canopy; or
  - (ii) within two (2) metres of tree trunks or branches of any street trees.
- (f) Any excavation within any area known to or suspected of having tree roots greater than 30mm diameter must be undertaken by hand.
- (g) Any trenching works for services, hydraulics, drainage etc. must not be undertaken within 3 metres of the trunk of any street tree. Alternate installation methods for services such as directional boring/drilling or redirection of services must be employed where roots greater than 30mm diameter are encountered during installation of any services.

- (h) Existing sections of kerbs adjacent to any street tree must not be removed without approval from the Council's Tree Management Officer.
- (i) Any damage sustained to street tree/s as a result of the erection of any construction activities (including demolition) must be immediately reported to the Council's Tree Management Officer on 9265 9333. Any damage to street trees as a result of any construction activities may result in prosecution under the Local Government Act 1993 and the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

**Reason**

To ensure the protection and ongoing health of the street trees.

**(80) LOADING AND UNLOADING DURING CONSTRUCTION**

The following requirements apply:

- (a) All loading and unloading associated with construction activity must be accommodated on site, where possible.
- (b) If, it is not feasible for loading and unloading to take place on site, a Works Zone on the street may be considered by Council.
- (c) A Works Zone may be required if loading and unloading is not possible on site. If a Works Zone is warranted an application must be made to Council at least 8 weeks prior to commencement of work on the site. An approval for a Works Zone may be given for a specific period and certain hours of the days to meet the particular need for the site for such facilities at various stages of construction. The approval will be reviewed periodically for any adjustment necessitated by the progress of the construction activities.
- (d) Where hoisting activity over the public place is proposed to be undertaken including hoisting from a Works Zone, a separate application under Section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 and Sections 138/139 of the Roads Act 1993 must be submitted to and approved by Council.

**Reason**

To protect the amenity of the public domain.

**(81) USE OF MOBILE CRANES**

The following requirements apply:

- (a) Mobile cranes operating from the road must not be used as a method of demolishing or constructing a building.

- (b) For special operations including the delivery of materials, hoisting of plant and equipment and erection and dismantling of on-site tower cranes which warrant the on-street use of mobile cranes, permits must be obtained from Council for the use of a mobile crane. The permits must be obtained 48 hours beforehand for partial road closures which, in the opinion of Council will create minimal traffic disruptions and 4 weeks beforehand in the case of full road closures and partial road closures which, in the opinion of Council, will create significant traffic disruptions.
- (c) The use of a crane for special operations, including the delivery of materials, hoisting of plant and equipment and erection and dismantling of on-site tower cranes which warrant the on-street use of mobile cranes outside of approved hours of construction can occur, subject to a separate application being submitted to and approved by Council under Section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 and Sections 138/139 of the Roads Act 1993.

**Reason**

To ensure mobile cranes are used appropriately.

**(82) VEHICLE CLEANSING**

Prior to the commencement of work, suitable measures are to be implemented to ensure that sediment and other materials are not tracked onto the roadway by vehicles leaving the site. It is an offence to allow, permit or cause materials to pollute or be placed in a position from which they may pollute waters.

**Reason**

To ensure sediment is not tracked onto the roadway.

**(83) COVERING OF LOADS**

All vehicles involved in the excavation and/or demolition process and departing the property with demolition materials, spoil or loose matter must have their loads fully covered before entering the public roadway.

**Reason**

To ensure loads are managed appropriately and do not impact local amenity.

**(84) NO OBSTRUCTION OF PUBLIC WAY**

Unless otherwise approved by Council, the public way must not be obstructed by any materials, vehicles, waste receptacles, skip-bins or the like. Non-compliance with this requirement may result in the issue of a notice by Council to stop all work on the site.

**Reason**

To protect the amenity of the public domain.



## **(85) NOTIFICATION OF CONDUCT OF FOOD BUSINESS**

- (a) If a food business is proposed the use must not commence until the food business has notified Council with their food business details in accordance with the *Food Act 2003* and *The Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code – 3.2.2 – Food Safety Practices and General Requirements, Clause 4*.
- (b) An Occupation Certificate for any food business must not be issued until such notification has been received by Council in accordance with Clause (a) of this condition.

The above conditions do not prevent issuing an occupation certificate for the building or parts of the building where a food business is not proposed.

Note: Registration forms are available on Council's website [www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au](http://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au).

### **Reason**

To ensure Council is notified of food business details.

## **(86) WASTE AND RECYCLING COLLECTION CONTRACT**

Prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued, the building owner must ensure that there is a contract with a licensed contractor for the removal of **all waste**. Waste is to be stored and collected from within the curtilage of the site at all times.

### **Reason**

To ensure that waste and recycling is appropriately managed.

## **(87) REGISTRATION OF COVENANT**

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, a covenant must be registered on the title of the land and a copy of the title submitted to the Council's Area Planning Manager and the Principal Certifier.

This covenant must be registered on the title of the land binding the owners and future owners with the responsibility for the ongoing maintenance and rehabilitation works required in terms of the encapsulated/remaining contaminated materials, including the discharge or prevention of discharge from any contaminants or for any works subsequently required by the NSW Environment Protection Authority

A copy of the revised certificate of land title recording the covenant must be submitted to Council's Area Planning Manager and the Principal Certifier prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.

### **Reason**

To ensure that contamination is appropriately managed.

**(88) SITE AUDIT STATEMENT – ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN**

Where the ongoing land use suitability and release of the Final (Section A) Site Audit Statement is dependent upon the implementation of an Environmental Management Plan (EMP) in relation to any residual contamination remaining onsite, the EMP must be approved by the Site Auditor and Council's Area Planning Manager prior to the issue of the final Site Audit Statement.

The owner of the land is required to comply with the ongoing obligations of any EMP which form part of the final Site Audit Statement for the site.

A covenant must be registered on the title of the land binding the owners and future owners to be responsible for ongoing maintenance and any future rehabilitation works required in terms of the encapsulated/remaining contaminated materials, including the discharge or prevention of discharge from any contaminants or for any works subsequently required by the NSW Environment Protection Authority

A copy of the revised certificate of land title recording the covenant must be submitted to Council's Area Planning Manager and the Principal Certifier prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.

**Reason**

To ensure that contamination is appropriately managed.

**(89) PUBLIC DOMAIN WORKS SECURITY BOND**

A Public Domain Works Security Bond will be required for the public domain works and for repairing damage that may be caused to the public domain in the vicinity of the site, in accordance with the City of Sydney's adopted fees and charges and the Public Domain Manual.

The City's Public Domain Unit must be contacted to determine the bond amount prior to lodgement. The bond must be lodged with the City prior to an approval being issued for the approval of the Public Domain Plan.

The bond will be retained in full until all public domain works, including rectification of damage to the public domain, are completed to City's standards and approval and the required works-as-executed documentation are approved. On satisfying the above requirements, and the issue of the Public Domain Works Letter of Completion Operational Acceptance by the City, 90% of the bond will be released. The remaining 10% will be retained for the duration of the specified Defects Liability Period.

**Reason**

To ensure public domain works are completed and any damage to the public domain is rectified.

**(90) DRAINAGE AND SERVICE PIT LIDS**

All existing or proposed drainage and service pit lids throughout the public domain must be to City of Sydney specifications and heel/bicycle safe, slip resistant, infill with material to match surrounding surface, finished flush with the adjacent pavement to avoid trip hazards and be clear of obstructions for easy opening and cleaning. Infill pit lids are to be detailed where specified by Council's Public Domain Officer. Private pits are not permitted within the public domain. All details of pit lids must be shown on the public domain plan and must be approved by the City's Public Domain Unit prior to the issue of an approval for public domain works.

**Reason**

To ensure drainage and service pit lids within the public domain are appropriately designed and installed.

**(91) PUBLIC DOMAIN PLAN DETAILED DOCUMENTATION FOR CONSTRUCTION**

A detailed public domain plan and all relevant documentation must be submitted to and approved by City's Public Domain Unit prior to the construction of any public domain works. This Plan must document all works required to ensure that the public domain upgrade work complies with the City's specifications and requirements, as outlined in documents such as City of Sydney's *Public Domain Manual*, *Sydney Streets Code*, *Sydney Street Tree Masterplan*, *Sydney Lights: Public Domain Design Code* and *Sydney Streets Technical Specification*. The documentation must be *checked, accurate, and comply with specified requirements*. Plans must be based on an accurate survey, to scale and fully coordinated across all disciplines and submissions. The supplied documentation must be for Construction issue and will be approved under Section 138 of the Roads Act.

The Public Domain Manual and all other relevant documents are available for download from Council's website at <https://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/development/public-domain-works/da-associated-works>.

The Public Domain Plan documentation must be submitted with an Application for Public Domain Plan Assessment and include the approved Public Domain Levels and Gradients documentation. If the proposed detailed design of the public domain requires changes to any previously approved levels, details must be submitted for approval with the public domain plan and additional fees may apply.

**Reason**

To ensure the public domain complies with Council's requirements.

## **(92) HOLD POINTS**

Prior to an approval being issued for the construction of public domain and / or planning agreement works, including civil, drainage and subsurface works, a set of hold points will be provided by the City's Public Domain Unit in accordance with the City's Public Domain Manual and Sydney Streets Technical Specification. The list of hold point inspections will be included in the Public Domain works approval letter.

These hold point inspections must be adhered to during construction works. Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, confirmation from the City's Public Domain Unit, that hold point inspections have been completed and works have been accepted by the City must be provided to the Principal Certifier.

### **Reason**

To ensure hold points are adhered to during construction works.

## **(93) PUBLIC DOMAIN LIGHTING RETICULATION**

Prior to the issue of any relevant approval for the construction of public domain works, a detailed Public Domain Lighting Reticulation Plan for pedestrian and street lighting in the public domain must be submitted to and approved by the City's Public Domain Unit in accordance with the City's *Sydney Lights Design Code*, *Sydney Streets Code*, *Sydney Streets Technical Specification* and *Public Domain Manual*.

The Public Domain Manual and all other relevant documents are available for download from Council's website at <https://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/development/public-domain-works/da-associated-works>.

If applicable, this public domain lighting documentation must include pole footing locations and structural details, location and details of underground electrical reticulation including connections and conduits, pit cabling and certifications as described in the City's *Public Domain Manual*. The public domain lighting is to be superimposed on the public domain plan to show any conflicts between lighting and the proposed landscape design.

### **Reason**

To ensure the public domain lighting documentation complies with Council requirements.

## **(94) WASTE AND RECYCLING COLLECTION CONTRACT - COMMERCIAL**

Prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate or commencement of the use, whichever is earlier, the building owner must ensure that there is a contract with a licensed contractor for the removal of all waste. Waste is to be stored and collected from within the curtilage of the site at all times.

### **Reason**

To ensure that waste and recycling is appropriately managed.

**(95) PUBLIC DOMAIN WORKS COMPLETION**

The Public Domain works are to be constructed in accordance with the Public Domain Works Approval letter, stamped plans for Public Domain Levels and Gradients, Stormwater, Public Domain Lighting, the City's *Public Domain Manual*, *Stormwater Drainage Manual*, *Sydney Lights Design Code* and *Sydney Streets Technical Specification*.

The public domain work must be inspected, and a Public Domain Work Letter of Completion Operational Acceptance must be issued by Council's Public Domain Officer prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate or before the commencement of use, whichever is earlier.

**Reason**

To ensure the public domain works are completed in accordance with the approved documents and Council's requirements.

**(96) PUBLIC DOMAIN COMPLETION – WORK AS EXECUTED DOCUMENTATION**

Prior to a Public Domain Works Letter of Completion Operational Acceptance being issued for public domain works, works-as-executed (As-Built) plans and documentation, must be submitted to and accepted by the City of Sydney for all public domain works, including where required Stormwater, Public Domain Lighting and road construction. These works must be certified by a suitably qualified, independent professional. Details of the documentation required for approval will be advised by the City's Public Domain Unit.

**Reason**

To ensure Council receives works-as-executed documentation for public domain works.

**(97) SURVEY INFRASTRUCTURE – RESTORATION**

- (a) Prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued for the development, documentary evidence of restoration must be prepared by a Registered Surveyor and submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager / Coordinator. This evidence must include:
  - (i) Certification that all requirements requested under the Surveyor-General's Approval for Survey Mark Removal or by the City's Principal Surveyor under condition "Survey Infrastructure – Identification and Recovery" have been complied with;
  - (ii) Certification that all requirements requested under any Surveyor-General's Approval for Deferment of Survey Marks from condition "Survey Infrastructure – Pre Subdivision Certificate works" have been complied with and;
  - (iii) Time-stamped photographic records of all new survey infrastructure relating to the site clearly showing the mark itself and sufficient context to aid in identifying the mark on site.

**Reason**

To ensure all requirements for survey mark removal are complied with.

**(98) CONSTRUCTED FLOOR LEVELS**

A certification report prepared by a suitably qualified practitioner engineer (NPER) must be submitted to the Principal Certifier prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate stating that the development has been constructed and the required levels achieved in accordance with the recommendations of the report titled Flood Impact and Risk Management Report prepared by Prabeg Sharma of IGS Pty Ltd dated 26 April 2024 (Council Reference: 2024/311281).

**Reason**

To ensure the development achieves the required floor levels.

**(99) SURVEY CERTIFICATE PRIOR TO ISSUE OF OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE**

Prior to the issue of any staged or Final Occupation Certificate for the building, a Final Identification Survey prepared and signed by a Surveyor, registered under the *Surveying & Spatial Information Act, 2002* must be submitted at the completion of the building work certifying the location of the building and showing offsets in relation to the boundaries of the allotment.

Any encroachments of the building including gutters and downpipes over the side boundaries or rear lane must be removed, or alternatively appropriate easements under Section 88B of the *Conveyancing Act, 1919*, with terms to the satisfaction of Council, must be lodged with the office of NSW Land Registry Services, and evidence of lodgement provided to the Principal Certifier prior to the issue of any staged or Final Occupation Certificate. Encroachments upon public roads must, if supported, be approved by Council's Area Planning Manager prior to the issue of any staged or final Occupation Certificate.

**Reason**

To ensure the orderly development of land.

**(100) RESTRICTION OF END OF JOURNEY – OUTSIDE CENTRAL SYDNEY**

Prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued or the use commencing, whichever is earlier, a documentary restrictive covenant to the effect that 103.97sqm of the building has been approved as end of journey is to be registered on the Title of the development site pursuant to section 88E of the *Conveyancing Act 1919*. The covenant is to be created appurtenant to Council and at no cost to Council.

**Reason**

To ensure the bonus floor space approved as part of the consent continuously used for the approved purpose.

## **(101) RESTRICTION ON USE OF CAR SPACES**

The following conditions apply to car parking:

- (a) The on-site car parking spaces, exclusive of service car spaces, are not to be used other than by an occupant or tenant of the subject building.
- (b) Prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued or the use commencing, whichever is earlier, a documentary restrictive covenant, is to be registered on the Title of the development site pursuant to section 88E of the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, to the effect of (a) above. The covenant is to be created appurtenant to Council, at no cost to and to the satisfaction of Council.
- (c) Any future strata subdivision of the site is to include a restriction on User pursuant to section 63 of the *Strata Schemes Development Act, 2015* as amended, so burdening all utility car parking allotments in the Strata Plan and/or an appropriate restrictive covenant pursuant to section 88B of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* burdening all car parking part - lots in the Strata Scheme.

### **Reason**

To ensure the on-site car parking spaces, exclusive of service car spaces are not to be used other than by an occupant or tenant of the building.

## **(102) ENCROACHMENTS – NEIGHBOURING PROPERTIES**

No portion of the proposed structure shall encroach onto the adjoining properties. Prior to the issue of any Staged or Final Occupation Certificate for the buildings, the Principal Certifier shall review the Final Identification Survey and confirm that the proposed structures stand wholly within the subject boundaries. Any encroachments of the building over the side boundaries must be removed, or alternatively appropriate easements under Section 88B of the *Conveyancing Act, 1919*, with terms to the satisfaction of Council, must be lodged with the office of NSW Land Registry Services, and evidence of lodgement provided to the Principal Certifier prior to the issue of any Interim or Final Occupation Certificate.

### **Reason**

To ensure the orderly development of land, and that the property rights of adjoining owners are respected.

## **(103) ENCROACHMENTS – PUBLIC WAY**

No portion of the proposed structure, including gates and doors during opening and closing operations, guttering, overhangs or downpipes shall encroach upon Council's footpath or Lane area. Prior to the issue of any staged or Final Occupation Certificate for the buildings, the Principal Certifier shall review the Final Identification Survey and confirm that the buildings and structures stand wholly within the subject boundaries. Any encroachments shall be removed or alternatively a letter obtained from Council's Area Planning Manager confirming that removal of the encroachment is not required.

**Reason:** To ensure the orderly development of land.

#### **(104) SYDNEY WATER SECTION 73 CERTIFICATE**

A Section 73 Compliance Certificate under the Sydney Water Act 1994 must be obtained from Sydney Water Corporation.

Application must be made through an authorised Water Servicing Coordinator. Please refer to the Building Developing and Plumbing section on the web site [www.sydneywater.com.au](http://www.sydneywater.com.au) then refer to "Water Servicing Coordinator" under "Developing Your Land" or telephone 13 20 92 for assistance.

Following application a "Notice of Requirements" will advise of water and sewer infrastructure to be built and charges to be paid. Please make early contact with the Coordinator, since building of water/sewer infrastructure can be time consuming and may impact on other services and building, driveway or landscape design.

The Section 73 Certificate must be submitted to the Principal Certifier prior to any Occupation Certificate or subdivision/strata certificate being issued.

#### **Reason**

For compliance with the Sydney Water Act 1994.

#### **(105) PHYSICAL MODELS**

- (a) Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate an accurate 1:500 scale model of the development as constructed must be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Coordinator Planning Assessments/Area Planning Manager for the City Model in Town Hall House.

#### Note:

- (i) The models must be constructed in accordance with the Model Specifications available online at <http://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/development/application-guide/application-process/model-requirements> Council's modellers must be consulted prior to construction of the model.
- (ii) The models are to comply with all of the conditions of the Development Consent.
- (iii) The models must be amended to reflect any further modifications to the approval (under Section 4.55 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act*) that affect the external appearance of the building.

#### **Reason**

To ensure the provision of an appropriate physical model of the development.



#### **(106) SUBMISSION OF ELECTRONIC CAD MODELS PRIOR TO OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE**

- (a) Prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued, an accurate 1:1 electronic CAD model of the completed development must be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Coordinator Planning Assessments/Area Planning Manager for the electronic Visualisation City Model.
- (b) The data required to be submitted within the surveyed location must include and identify:
  - (i) building design above and below ground in accordance with the development consent;
  - (ii) all underground services and utilities, underground structures and basements, known archaeological structures and artefacts;
  - (iii) a current two points on the site boundary clearly marked to show their Northing and Easting MGA (Map Grid of Australia) coordinates, which must be based on Established Marks registered in the Department of Lands and Property Information's SCIMS Database with a Horizontal Position Equal to or better than Class C.

The data is to be submitted as a DGN or DWG file on a Compact Disc. All modelling is to be referenced to the Map Grid of Australia (MGA) spatially located in the Initial Data Extraction file.

- (c) The electronic model must be constructed in accordance with the City's 3D CAD electronic model specification. The specification is available online at <http://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/development/application-guide/application-process/model-requirements> Council's Modelling staff should be consulted prior to creation of the model. The data is to comply with all of the conditions of the Development Consent.

#### **Reason**

To ensure the provision of an appropriate electronic model of the development.

#### **(107) OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE TO BE SUBMITTED**

An Occupation Certificate must be obtained from the Principal Certifier and a copy submitted to Council prior to commencement of occupation or use of the whole or any part of a new building, an altered portion of, or an extension to an existing building.

#### **Reason**

To ensure the site is authorised for occupation.

## (108) NOISE

- (a) The  $L_{Aeq, 15 \text{ minute}}$  noise level from the use must not exceed the background noise level ( $L_{A90, 15 \text{ minute}}$ ) in any octave band (reference frequency 31.5 Hz to 8 kHz inclusive) by more than 5dB between 7.00am and 12.00 midnight when assessed at the boundary of any residential accommodation or tourist and visitor accommodation.
- (b) The  $L_{Aeq, 15 \text{ minute}}$  noise level from the use must not exceed the background noise level ( $L_{A90, 15 \text{ minute}}$ ) in any octave band (reference frequency 31.5 Hz to 8 kHz inclusive) between 12.00 midnight and 7.00am when assessed at the boundary of any residential accommodation or tourist and visitor accommodation.
- (c) Notwithstanding (a) above, the  $L_{Aeq, 15 \text{ minute}}$  noise level from the use must not exceed the greater of the following levels between 7am and 12 midnight inside any habitable room of a residential accommodation or tourist and visitor accommodation, or at any time in an affected commercial premises:
  - (i) The existing internal  $L_{A90, 15 \text{ minute}}$  (from external sources excluding the use) in any octave band (reference frequency 31.5 Hz to 8 kHz inclusive). Or,
  - (ii) If the  $L_{Z90, 15 \text{ minute}}$  background level is below the hearing threshold curve (Tf - Table 1 of ISO 226 : 2003) in an above octave band, the lowest audible sound level ( $L_p$ ) of the Tf curve in that octave band shall become that octave's  $L_{Zeq, 15 \text{ minute}}$  noise criteria level.
- (d) Notwithstanding (b) above, the  $L_{A1, 15 \text{ minute}}$  noise level from the use must not exceed the greater of the following sound pressure levels inside any habitable room between 12 midnight and 7am inside any habitable room of an affected residential accommodation or tourist and visitor accommodation:
  - (i) The existing internal  $L_{A90, 15 \text{ minute}}$  (from external sources excluding the use) minus 10 dB in any octave band (reference frequency 31.5 Hz to 8 kHz inclusive) inside a habitable room of an affected residential accommodation or tourist and visitor accommodation. Or,
  - (ii) If the  $L_{Z90, 15 \text{ minute}}$  minus 10 dB level is below the hearing threshold curve (Tf - Table 1 of ISO 226 : 2003) in an above octave band, the lowest audible sound level ( $L_p$ ) of the Tf curve in that octave band shall become that octave's  $L_{Z1, 15 \text{ minute}}$  noise criteria level.

Note:  $L_{eq}$ ,  $L_{01}$ , and  $L_{90}$ , metrics and 'A' (weightings) are as per the definitions in the standard AS1055-20148. 'Z' means unweighted noise. An internal  $L_{A90}$  level must be determined in the absence of noise emitted by the use and be sufficiently representative of the receiver in a low noise level quiet state. External  $L_{A90}$  levels for planning must be established as per the long-term methodology in Fact Sheet B of the NPfl unless otherwise agreed by the City's Area Planning Manager.

### Reason

To protect the acoustic amenity of surrounding properties.

### **(109) NOISE – COMMERCIAL PLANT / INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT**

- (a) Noise from commercial plant and industrial development must not exceed a project amenity/intrusiveness noise level or maximum noise level in accordance with relevant requirements of the NSW EPA [Noise Policy for Industry 2017 \(NPfI\)](#) unless agreed to by the City's Area Planning Manager. Further:
  - (i) Background noise monitoring must be carried out in accordance with the long-term methodology in [Fact Sheet B](#) of the NPfI unless otherwise agreed by the City's Area Planning Manager.
  - (ii) Commercial plant is limited to heating, ventilation, air conditioning, refrigeration and energy generation equipment.
- (b) An  $L_{Aeq,15 \text{ minute}}$  (noise level) emitted from the development must not exceed the  $L_{A90, 15 \text{ minute}}$  (background noise level) by more than 3dB when assessed inside any habitable room of any affected residence or noise sensitive commercial premises at any time. Further:
  - (i) The noise level and the background noise level must both be measured with all external doors and windows of the affected residence closed.
  - (ii) Background noise measurements must not include noise from the development but may include noise from necessary ventilation at the affected premises.
- (c) Corrections in [Fact Sheet C](#) of the NPfI are applicable to relevant noise from the development measured in accordance with this condition, however duration corrections are excluded from commercial noise.

#### **Reason**

To protect the acoustic amenity of surrounding properties.

### **(110) GROUND FLOOR TENANCIES - HOURS OF OPERATION AND MAXIMUM CAPACITY**

- (a) The hours of operation of the ground floor retail tenancies are restricted to between 7.00am to 10.00pm, Monday to Sunday inclusive.

The individual fit-out and specific use of each ground floor tenancy is to be subject of separate development consent/s or Complying Development Certificate/s (as appropriate).

#### **Reason**

To ensure the premises can safely accommodate patrons, staff and performers and safeguard the amenity of the surrounding neighbourhood.

### **(111) DELIVERIES AND WASTE COLLECTION**

All deliveries and collection of waste associated with the site must not occur between the hours of 10.00pm and 6.00am, Mondays to Sundays.

#### **Reason**

To protect the acoustic amenity of surrounding properties.

### **(112) ON SITE LOADING AREAS AND OPERATION**

All loading and unloading operations associated with servicing the site must be carried out within the confines of the site, at all times and must not obstruct other properties/units or the public way.

At all times the service vehicle docks, car parking spaces and access driveways must be kept clear of goods and must not be used for storage purposes, including garbage storage.

#### **Reason**

To maintain the orderly operation of vehicle parking areas and to ensure the public domain is kept free from physical obstructions.

### **(113) TRANSPORT ACCESS GUIDE**

A Transport Access Guide must be implemented and maintained by the operators of the premises and be made available to staff, clients, customers and visitors at all times. The following information shall be submitted to the registered certifier prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate for the site/use:

- A Transport Access Guide detailing sustainable transport options to access the site including public transport, cycling and walking or a combination of these modes, and
- Communication methods by which the Transport Access Guide will be made available to staff, clients, customers and visitors.

#### **Reason**

To ensure that sustainable transport options are considered and communicated effectively.

### **(114) WASTE/RECYCLING COLLECTION - COMMERCIAL**

- (a) Waste storage and the collection of waste and recycling must only occur during the designated zone collection times as outlined in the City's Waste Policy – Local Approvals Policy for Managing Waste in Public Places 2017.
- (b) Waste and recycling bins must not be placed on the street for collection. Services must be conducted within the property boundary or as a wheel-out/wheel-back service.

- (c) Unimpeded access must be provided for collection vehicles to set down within 10 metres of waste storage areas during zone collection times on collection days.

**Reason**

To ensure that waste and recycling is appropriately managed.

**(115) DEFECTS LIABILITY PERIOD – PUBLIC DOMAIN WORKS**

All works to the City's public domain, including rectification of identified defects, are subject to a 6 month defects liability period from the date of Completion. The date of Completion will be nominated by Council on the Public Domain Works – Letter of Completion Operational Acceptance.

**Reason**

To ensure all works to the City's public domain are protected under a liability period.

**(116) HOT WATER SERVICE**

The capacity of the hot water service must ensure that a constant supply of hot water is provided to the premises at all times for all sinks and basins including hand wash basin/s. The temperature of the hot water provided to the sinks must be in accordance with *AS4674 – Design, Construction and Fit-out of Food Premises* and the *Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code 3.2.2 - Food Safety Practices* and general requirements.

**Reason**

To ensure the food premises has a constant supply of hot water in accordance with relevant standards.

**(117) EMISSIONS**

- (a) The use of the premises must not give rise to the emission of gases, vapours, dusts or other impurities which are a nuisance, injurious or prejudicial to health.
- (b) Gaseous emissions from the development must comply with the requirements of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* and *Protection of the Environment Operations (Clean Air) Regulation 2010*.
- (c) Uses that produce airborne particulate matter must incorporate an effective dust collection system.

**Reason**

To protect the amenity of the surrounding area.

### **(118) AWNING MAINTENANCE**

The awning must be inspected, and regular maintenance be carried out to ensure the awning's structural integrity, aesthetic and functional qualities are maintained.

#### **Reason**

To ensure that awnings are appropriately maintained.

### **(119) UNDER AWNING LIGHTING**

Under awning lighting must be fitted with LED lighting technology (or other technology with an improved lighting power density – watts per square metre). Batten type fluorescent lighting is not approved. Illumination from the under-awning lighting, when measured from any place in the public domain, must be designed and certified to comply with the following:

- (a) the maximum horizontal luminance level must not exceed 200 lux including light spill from shop windows. Lux level may be increased to 220 lux in some areas in Central Sydney CBD.
- (b) the horizontal illuminance uniformity ratio ( $E_{avg}/E_{min}$ ) must not exceed 4:1 to ensure safe movement of pedestrians.
- (c) the intensity, colour, period of intermittency and hours of illumination must be varied if adverse impact or Obtrusive Light in accordance with the definition in Australian Standard AS4282-1997 *Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting* is being caused to the amenity of the area.
- (d) where nearby residents are located above the level of the under-awning lighting, details are to be provided to show that light is not directed upwards toward such residences.

#### **Reason**

To ensure the provision of an appropriate level of illumination and to protect the amenity of the public domain.

## **TRANSPORT FOR NSW - REFERRAL CONDITIONS**

### **(120) CLEVELAND STREET BOUNDARY**

All buildings and structures (other than pedestrian footpath awnings), together with any improvements integral to the future use of the site are to be wholly within the freehold property unlimited in height or depth along the Cleveland Street boundary.

### **(121) REDUNDANT DRIVEWAY – CLEVELAND STREET**

The redundant driveway on the Cleveland Street boundary shall be removed and replaced with kerb and gutter to match existing. The design and construction of the kerb and gutter works on Cleveland Street shall be in accordance with TfNSW requirements. Details of these requirements should be obtained by email to [developerworks.sydney@transport.nsw.gov.au](mailto:developerworks.sydney@transport.nsw.gov.au).

Detailed design plans of the proposed kerb and guttering are to be submitted to TfNSW for approval prior to the issue of a construction certificate and commencement of any road works. Please send all documentation to [development.sydney@transport.nsw.gov.au](mailto:development.sydney@transport.nsw.gov.au).

A plan checking fee and lodgement of a performance bond is required from the applicant prior to the release of the approved road design plans by TfNSW.

### **(122) DETAILED DESIGN PLANS AND HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS**

Detailed design plans and hydraulic calculations of any changes to the stormwater drainage system that impact upon Cleveland Street are to be submitted to TfNSW for approval, prior to the commencement of any works. Please send all documentation to [development.sydney@transport.nsw.gov.au](mailto:development.sydney@transport.nsw.gov.au).

A plan checking fee will be payable, and a performance bond may be required before TfNSW approval is issued.

### **(123) DESIGN DRAWINGS AND DOCUMENTS - TO BE SUBMITTED TO TFNSW**

The developer is to submit design drawings and documents relating to the excavation of the site and support structures to TfNSW for assessment, in accordance with Technical Direction GTD2012/001.

The developer is to submit all documentation at least six (6) weeks prior to commencement of construction and is to meet the full cost of the assessment by TfNSW. Please send all documentation to [development.sydney@transport.nsw.gov.au](mailto:development.sydney@transport.nsw.gov.au).

If it is necessary to excavate below the level of the base of the footings of the adjoining roadways, the person acting on the consent shall ensure that the owner/s of the roadway is/are given at least seven (7) day notice of the intention to excavate below the base of the footings. The notice is to include complete details of the work.

**(124) PUBLIC UTILITY ADJUSTMENT/ RELOCATION WORKS**

The developer shall be responsible for all public utility adjustment/relocation works, necessitated by the above work, and as required by the various public utility authorities and/or their agents.

**(125) ROAD OCCUPANCY LICENCE**

A Road Occupancy Licence (ROL) should be obtained from Transport Management Centre for any works that may impact on traffic flows on Cleveland Street during construction activities. A ROL can be obtained through <https://myrta.com/oplinc2/pages/security/oplincLogin.jsf>.



## **AUSGRID - REFERRAL CONDITIONS**

### **(126) AUSGRID UNDERGROUND CABLES ARE IN THE VICINITY OF THE DEVELOPMENT**

Special care should be taken to ensure that driveways and any other construction activities do not interfere with existing underground cables located in the footpath or adjacent roadways.

It is recommended that the developer locate and record the depth of all known underground services prior to any excavation in the area. Information regarding the position of cables along footpaths and roadways can be obtained by contacting Dial Before You Dig (DBYD).

In addition to DBYD the proponent should refer to the following documents to support safety in design and construction:

SafeWork Australia – Excavation Code of Practice.

Ausgrid's Network Standard NS156 which outlines the minimum requirements for working around Ausgrid's underground cables.

The following points should also be taken into consideration.

Ausgrid cannot guarantee the depth of cables due to possible changes in ground levels from previous activities after the cables were installed.

Should ground anchors be required in the vicinity of Ausgrid underground cables, the anchors must not be installed within 300mm of any cable, and the anchors must not pass over the top of any cable.

### **(127) AUSGRID OVERHEAD POWERLINES ARE IN THE VICINITY OF THE DEVELOPMENT**

The developer should refer to SafeWork NSW Document – Work Near Overhead Powerlines: Code of Practice. This document outlines the minimum separation requirements between electrical mains (overhead wires) and structures within the development site throughout the construction process. It is a statutory requirement that these distances be maintained throughout the construction phase.

Consideration should be given to the positioning and operating of cranes, scaffolding, and sufficient clearances from all types of vehicles that are expected be entering and leaving the site.

The "as constructed" minimum clearances to the mains must also be maintained. These distances are outlined in the Ausgrid Network Standard, NS220 Overhead Design Manual. This document can be sourced from Ausgrid's website at: [www.ausgrid.com.au](http://www.ausgrid.com.au).

It is the responsibility of the developer to verify and maintain minimum clearances onsite. In the event where minimum safe clearances are not able to be met due to the design of the development, the Ausgrid mains may need to be

relocated in this instance. Any Ausgrid asset relocation works will be at the developer's cost.

Additional information can be found in the Ausgrid Quick Reference Guide for Safety Clearances "Working Near Ausgrid Assets - Clearances". This document can be found by visiting the following Ausgrid website:

[www.ausgrid.com.au/Your-safety/Working-Safe/Clearance-enquiries](http://www.ausgrid.com.au/Your-safety/Working-Safe/Clearance-enquiries).